# **SB-49**

Protects the safety of the United States of America and her citizens from foreign subversion by providing for a Joint Government Commission to carry out such actions, and increase interoperability between government agencies.

## IN THE SENATE OF THE AMERICAN LEGION BOYS NATION

Mr. Simao of Rhode Island introduced the following bill;

## A BILL

Protects the safety of the United States of America and her citizens from foreign subversion by providing for a Joint Government Commission to carry out such actions, and increase interoperability between government agencies.

Be it enacted by The American Legion Boys Nation Senate assembled,

#### SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.

This Act may be cited as the ""Defense Against Foreign Subversion Act― or the "DAFSA―".

#### **SECTION 2: Definitions**

Adversarial/Hostile Nations: Foreign nations "engaged in a long-term pattern or serious instances of conduct significantly adverse to the national security of the United States or security and safety of United States persons" (Cornell University).

Harmful Media: Media designed to subvert the interests of the US, harm our established democratic institutions and republican systems of governance.

Illicit Substances: Illegal drugs, controlled substances

Propaganda: Biased and misleading information intended to promote or popularize a political ideology or beliefs system.

State Actors: Individuals or organizations acting on the behalf of state governments, or directly under state control, or with state backing and support.

Subversion: The undermining of power or authority or security of an established system or institution ie: Democracy, Republicanism, The United States of America.

Tariffs and Import Duties: Taxes paid on foreign made goods imported to the United States for sale.

"Illegally Manufactured Foreign Goods": Products made and manufactured in violation of international or American law. Including but not limited to: child labor, forced labor.

## **SECTION 3: Commission for the Security of the United States of America (CSUSA)**

- 1. Establishes a Joint Commission of government agencies and officials who work together to regulate, legislate, and enforce policies on foreign Actors.
  - A. Authorizes new Congressional Joint Committee for the Defense of American Sovereignty
- I. This Joint Committee will be responsible for drafting legislation in support of the Commission, including but not limited to the restriction of the operations of foreign companies, banning foreign media sites, and changing import duties and tariffs.
- B. Incorporates the United States Attorney General's Office to pursue legal action via domestic and international courts systems with a new Attorney General's Office of Foreign Affairs
  - I. Utilizes legal action to defend American citizens from hostile foreign action.
  - C. Creates a Task Force of law enforcement agencies to enforce and assist legislative process

I. Includes: Federal Bureau of Intelligence, Central Intelligence Agency, Drug Enforcement Agency, U.S. Customs and Border Protection, Cybersecurity and Infrastructure Security Agency, the Department of Justice among others.

Authorizes Department of Homeland Security and Department of Defense cooperation via representation within the Task Force

- 2. These three functions of government will coordinate operations to attack foreign subversion, legislate against it, and enforce the law of the United States of America.
- A. This Commission will maintain accountability and communicate through back channels and monthly communication summits.
- B. To deter actions from hostile countries and governments this body will investigate, prosecute, and legislate companies and other State Actors that endanger the United States and its citizens
  - I. Foreign Adversaries include but are not limited to:
    - The People's Republic of China
    - The Russian Federation
    - The Islamic Republic of Iran
    - The Democratic People's Republic of Korea
    - The Republic of Belarus
    - The Bolivarian Republic of Venezuela

## **SECTION 4: Funding**

- 1. In order to fund these operations money will be reallocated from existing Homeland Security, and other Federal Law Enforcement Agencies funding plans
- I. This funding is to be reallocated and distributed via the Congressional Budget office in cooperation with the US Department of the Treasury.

2. This Commission can also use funding from the recently rescinded \$21 billion dollars in new Internal Revenue Service funding.

## **SECTION 5: Enactment**

This bill will take effect immediately

The Commission for the Security of the United States of America will take time to organize and begin operation, however the bill authorizes their work to begin immediately.